GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:3357
ANSWERED ON:18.12.2015
Blood Banks
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Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of blood banks in the Government and private sector, separately along with the districts not having blood banks in the country, State/UT-wise;

(b) whether the Government proposes to set up new blood banks, particularly in districts which do not have one and also along highways for timely medical care and if so, the details thereof, State/UT-wise;

(c) whether the Government has received any proposal from the States/UTs in this regard, if so, the details thereof along with the action taken/proposed to be taken by the Government thereon during the last three years and the current year, State/UTwise; and

(d) the steps taken/proposed to be taken by the Government to monitor the quality of blood collected through blood banks in the country?

Answer

ANSWER
THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND
FAMILY WELFARE
(SHRI SHRIPAD YESSO NAIK)
(a): As per information submitted by DCG(I), the number of blood banks in public and private sector in the country, State/UT-wise; is at Annexure-I and districts not having blood banks in the country, State/UT-wise is at Annexure-II.

(b) & (c): As per norms of National Blood Transfusion Council, every district should have at least one blood bank, but clustering of blood banks in urban/ semi urban areas should be avoided. New Blood Banks need to be set up based on geographic location and population demand only.

Under National AIDS Control Programme phase IV, recurrent grant is given to blood banks already licensed and operational and there is no provision of support for set up of new blood banks.

Public health is a state subject. Under the National Health Mission, support is provided to States/UTs to strengthen their health care system including systems for safe blood collection, storage and transfusion, and establishment of new blood banks, based on the proposals received from the states/UTs

Under NHM, for 2015-16, proposals were received from the States of Madhya Pradesh and Assam requesting for support for 11 new blood banks, for which approval has been accorded as per details at Annexure III.
No proposals have been received regarding set up of blood banks along highways.

(d): Provisions for quality of blood collected through blood banks in the country are specified in the Drugs and Cosmetics Rules 1945 which are verified through the process of inspections by office of State Drug Controller.
For quality, safety and efficacy of blood and blood components, Government of India supplements the State's efforts for improving infrastructure, equipments, manpower and capacity building training of blood bank staff.
State Blood Transfusion Councils and State Transfusion Services Core Coordination Committee are set up in all states to monitor the Blood Transfusion Services.
Regular monitoring visits are also undertaken by officers of State Blood Transfusion Council /State AIDS Control Society and National Blood Transfusion Council/National AIDS Control Organization to oversee functioning of blood banks in accordance to National Blood Policy, 2002.

Annexure-I

Number of licensed blood bank in India State / UT wise up to Nov. 2015

S.NO NAME OF STATE Public including Govt. Blood Banks Private including charitable trust Blood Bank TOTAL
1. Andaman & Nicobar 02 01 03
2. Andhra Pradesh 32 93 125
3. Arunachal Pradesh 09 01 10
4 * Assam 37 28 65

5 * Bihar 32 35 67
6 Chandigarh 03 01 04
7 Chhattisgarh 19 30 49
8 Dadra & Nagar Haveli - 01 01
9 Daman & Diu 01 01 02
10 NCT of Delhi 22 47 69
11. Goa 03 01 04
12 Gujarat 30 106 136
13 Haryana 26 50 76
14 Himachal Pradesh 19 03 22
15 Jammu & Kashmir 29 04 33
16 Jharkhand 26 18 44
17 Karnataka 40 153 193
18 Kerala 43 140 183
19 Lakshadweep 01 00 01
20 Madhya Pradesh 54 90 144
21 Maharashtra 74 236 310
22 Manipur 04 01 05
23 Meghalaya 05 02 07
24 Mizoram 08 02 10
25 * Nagaland 05 - 05
26 * Odisha 63 20 83
27 Pondicherry 03 10 13
28 * Punjab 48 53 101
29 * Rajasthan 48 54 102
30 Sikkim 02 01 03
31 Tamil Nadu 102 198 300
32 * Telangana 27 113 140
33 Tripura 06 02 08
34 * Uttar Pradesh 100 142 242
35 Uttarkhand 20 08 28
36 West Bengal 81 39 120
Total 1024 1684 2708
*Data up to Feb.-2015

Annexure- II
Districts without blood bank in India State / UT wise
S.No State District
1 Jharkhand (7) Chatra
2 Pakur
3 Godda
4 Jamtara
5 Khunti
6 Ramgarh
7 Seraikela-Kharsawan
8 Uttarakhand (4) Bageswar
9 Rudraprayag
10 Tehri
11 Champawat
12 Madhya Pradesh (2) Anoopur
13 Agar
14 Assam (4) Baksa
15 Udalguri
16 Chirang
17 Kamrup
18 Manipur (5) Senapati
19 Bishnupur
20 Ukhrul
21 Chandel
22 Tamenglong
23 Meghalaya (8) West Khasi Hills
24 South West Khasi Hills
25 East Jaintia Hills
26 Ri Bhoi
27 East Garo Hills
28 South West Garo Hills
29 North Garo Hills
30 South Garo Hills
31 Arunachal Pradesh (5) West Kameng
32 Kurung Kumey
33 Dibang Valley

34 Anjaw
35 Tirap
36 Nagaland (3) Peren
37 Kiphire
38 Longlen
39 Sikkim (2) West Sikkim
40 North Sikkim
41 Tripura (3) Sepahijala
42 Khowai
43 South Tripura
44 Bihar (6) Sadar Hospital, Arwal
45 Sadar Hospital,Araria
46 Sadar Hospital Banka
47 Sadar Hospital Supaul
48 Sadar Hospital Sheohar
49 Sadar Hospital Motihari (East Champaran)

50
Chattisgarh (13) Jashpur
51 Janjgir
52 Gariyaband
53 Balod
54 Bemetara
55 Surajpur
56 Balrampur
57 Mungeli
58 Bijapur
59 Kondagaon
60 Narayanpur
61 Sukma
62 Baloda Bazar
63 Gujarat (1) Dang
64 Himachal Pradesh (1) Lahaul & Spiti

Annexure- lll

State District Amount in Lakhs

Madhya Pradesh Annoopur
Rs. 75.42 Lakhs
(for Blood Bank equipment)

Agar
Rewa
Indore
Singroli

Assam Baxa
Rs. 511 Lakhs
(for infrastructure and equipment)
Chirang
Udalgiri
Cachar
Kamrupural